In the same way, subtraction can be shown on a number line. This student started at 37 and counted up to 63 to find a difference of 26.

63 - 37 = 26 +20 +3 +3 +3 37 57 60 63

The hundreds chart can be used for students to demonstrate both addition and subtraction. This example shows the problem 82 – 39.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

This student started at 82 and moved back 30 to land on 52. The next step was to count back 9 and land on 43.

Adding and subtracting can be understood by using expanded notation.

Students use place value understanding to solve these problems.

Second graders use their knowledge of addition and subtraction to solve one- and two-step word problems. The sample below shows a <u>two-step</u> word problem.

A farmer had 8 cows and some horses in a field. There were 45 animals in the field. Later, the farmer sent 6 more horses into the field. What is the total number of horses in the field?



The student would start by subtracting 8 (cows) from the total 45 (animals).

45-8 (8=5+3)

45 - 5 = 4040 - 3 = 37 There are 37 horses in the field.

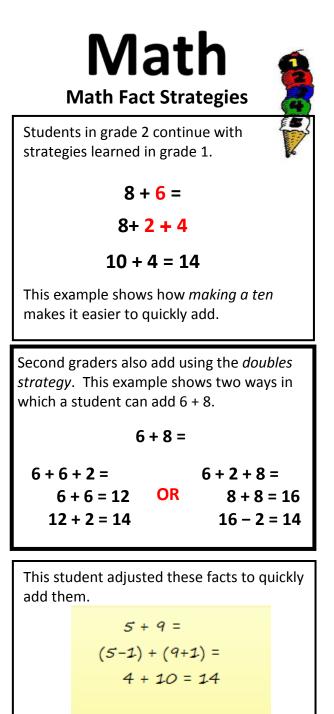
If 6 more horses were added into the field that would mean there was a total of 43 horses.

Parent Math Strategy Guide Grade 2

Strategies for Addition and Subtraction

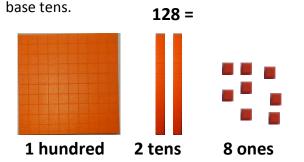


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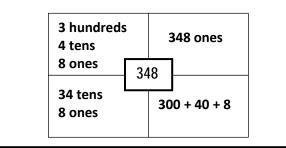


Below is a strategy that might be used to assist second graders in thinking about subtraction when working with facts. 24 - 924 - (4 + 5)24 - 4 = 2020 - 5 = 15Working with Base Tens

Place value is a primary focus for second graders. Students need to understand that numbers represent amounts of hundreds, tens and ones. This begins by working with



Students need to understand the meaning in numbers.



Second grade students will add and subtract mentally within 20. They will know their addition facts from memory by the end of the year. Second graders move into addition using base tens to represent the problem. They then move to using numbers.

	+
 235	+ 69 = 304

A goal in second grade is for students to add mentally using strategies. One strategy is *making a friendly number*.

26 + 37 =		26 + 37 =	
26 + 37 <mark>+3</mark>	OR	(26 - <mark>3</mark>) + (37+3	
26 + 40 = 66		23 + 40 =63	
66 - 3 = 63			

64 + 19 = 83	
Another strategy to help	6 4
students understand	<u>+ 1</u> 9
addition involves working with	13
partial sums.	70
	83

Students in second grade can use a number line to show addition problems.

